JULY 28, 1768. THE NUMBER 897.

VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

With the latest ADVICES, FOREIGN and DOMESTICK.

IN CIVITATE LIBERA LINGUAM MENTEMQUE LIBERAS ESSE DEBERE. —— *Suet.* in *Tib.* S. 28.

Printed by *ALEX. PURDIE*, and *JOHN DIXON*, at the POST OFFICE.

BOSTON, *June* 30.

On Tuesday the 21st instant his Excellency the Governour sent the following message to the Hon. House of Representatives, viz.

Gentlemen of the House of Representatives,

I HAVE his Majesty's orders to make a requisition to you, which I communicate to you in the very words in which I have received it. I must desire you to take it into immediate consideration, and I assure you that your resolutions thereon will have most important consequences to the province. I am myself merely ministerial in this business, having received his Majesty's instructions for all I have to do in it. I heartily wish you may see how forcible the expedience of your giving this testimonial of your duty and submission is at this time; if you should think otherwise, I must nevertheless do my duty.

Council Chamber, June 21, 1768. F. BERNARD.

Extract of a letter from the Earl of HILLSBOROUGH, *dated* Whitehall, *April* 22, 1768.

IT gives great concern to his Majesty to find that the same moderation which appeared by your letter to have been adopted at the beginning of the session, in a full Assembly, had not continued; and instead of that spirit of prudence and respect to the constitution which seemed at that time to influence the conduct of a large majority of the members, a thin House, at the close of the session, should have presumed to revert to, and resolve upon, a measure of so inflammatory a nature as that of writing to the other colonies on a subject of their intended representation against some late acts of Parliament. His Majesty considers this step as evidently tending to create unwarrantable combinations, to excite an unjustifiable opposition to the constitutional authority of Parliament, and to revive those unhappy divisions and distractions which have operated so prejudicially to Great Britain and the colonies. After what passed in the former part of the sessions, and after the declared sense of so large a majority when the House was full, his Majesty cannot but consider this as a very unfair proceeding, and the resolutions taken thereupon to be contrary to the real sense of the Assembly, and procured by surprise; and therefore it is the King's pleasure that so soon as the General Court is again assembled, at the time prescribed by the charter, you should require of the House of Representatives, in his Majesty's name, to rescind the resolution that gave birth to the circular letter from the Speaker, and to declare their disapprobation of, and dissent to, that rash and hasty proceeding.

His Majesty has the fullest reliance on the affections of his good subjects in the Massachusetts Bay, and has observed with satisfaction that spirit of decency, and love of order, which has discovered itself in the conduct of the most considerable of its inhabitants; and therefore his Majesty has the better ground to hope that the attempt made by a desperate faction to disturb the publick tranquillity will be discountenanced, and that the execution of the measure recommended to you will not meet with any difficulty.

The House by message desired the Governour to send them the remainder of the above letter, also another letter from his Lordship which had been communicated to his Majesty's Council, and copies of such letters as his Excellency had wrote on the subject contained in his message, with the King's instruction to him on this matter.

In consequence of which message his Excellency the Governour sent the following answer, viz.

Gentlemen of the House of Representatives,

I SHOULD have communicated to you the whole of the Earl of Hillsborough's letter relating to the business which I laid before you on the 21st instant if I had not been desirous that your compliance with his Majesty's requisition might have its full merit, by its appearing to be entirely dictated by a sense of your duty; but since you desire to know what my further orders are, I herewith send you a copy of the part of the letter relative to this business, which contains all my instructions thereon. And as I know you will not expect that I should disobey the King's positive commands, I must desire that if you shall resolve to oblige me to execute them you will, previously to your giving your final answer, prevent the inconvenience that may fall upon the people for want of the annual tax bill, which I understand is not yet sent up to the Board. If I am obliged to dissolve the General Court I shall not think myself at liberty to call another until I shall receive his Majesty's commands for that purpose, which will be too late to prevent the Treasurer issuing his warrant for the whole tax granted by the act of the last year.

As to the letter of the Earl of Hillsborough which I communicated to the Council, I may beg leave to be the proper judge of the time and occasion of communicating any papers I receive to the Council or House. If I had then thought it expedient to lay it before the House I should then have done it; when I shall think it so I shall do it.

As to your request of copies of my letters to the Secretary of State, you may assure yourselves that I shall not ever make publick my letters to his Majesty's Ministers but upon my own motion, and upon my own reasons.

Council Chamber, June 24, 1768. F. BERNARD.

Remainder of the Earl of HILLSBOROUGH's *letter.*

IF it should, and if, notwithstanding the apprehensions which may be justly entertained of the ill consequences of this factious spirit, which seems to have influenced the resolution of the Assembly at the conclusion of the last, the new Assembly should refuse to comply with his Majesty's reasonable expectations, it is the King's pleasure you should immediately dissolve them, and transmit to me, to be laid before his Majesty, an account of your proceedings thereon, to the end his Majesty may, if he thinks fit, lay the whole matter before his Parliament, that such provisions as shall be found necessary may be made to prevent, for the future, a conduct of so extraordinary and unconstitutional a nature. It is not his Majesty's intention that a faithful discharge of your duty should operate to your own prejudice, or to the discontinuance of any necessary establishment: Proper care will be taken for the support and dignity of government.

JULY 4.

A MESSAGE from the GOVERNOUR to the ASSEMBLY.

Gentlemen of the House of Representatives,

IT is now a full week since I laid before you his Majesty's requisition, signified by his Secretary of State. I must therefore desire you to come to a resolution upon it, for I cannot admit of a much longer delay without considering it as an answer in the negative.

Council Chamber, June 28, 1768. F. BERNARD.

A MESSAGE from the Assembly to the Governour, June 29th.

May it please your Excellency,

IN answer to your Excellency's message of the 28th instant, the House of Representatives request that your Excellency would favour this General Court with a recess; that they may consult their constituents respecting the requisition contained in your message of the 21st instant, in consequence of the Earl of Hillsborough's letter to your Excellency.

A MESSAGE from the GOVERNOUR to the ASSEMBLY.

Gentlemen of the House of Representatives,

I CANNOT, consistently with my sense of my duty, prorogue or adjourn the General Court until I have received your answer to his Majesty's requisition. I must therefore repeat my request to you to bring this matter to a conclusion.

Council Chamber, June 29, 1768. F. BERNARD.

On Thursday the 30th of June the committee reported a letter to the Right Hon. the Earl of Hillsborough, setting forth to his Lordship the several votes and resolutions which passed in the last House of Representatives relating to the circular letter; and showing that the whole of these matters were transacted in the height of the session, in a full House, and by a large majority. This letter was distinctly read several times, and afterwards accepted by a majority of 93 *out of* 105 *members present; and a fair copy was ordered to be taken, for the Speaker to sign and transmit to his Lordship as soon as might be.*

Then it was moved that the question be put whether the House will rescind the resolution of the last House, which gave birth to their circular letter to the several Houses of Representatives and Burgesses of the other colonies on the continent; and passed in the negative, by a division of 92 *to* 17.

Hereupon the committee reported an answer to the Governour's messages of the 21st and 24th of June, which was accepted by a large majority, and is as follows:

A MESSAGE from the ASSEMBLY to the GOVERNOUR, June 30, 1768.

May it please your Excellency,

THE House of Representatives of this his Majesty's ancient and loyal province of the Massachusetts Bay have with the greatest deliberation considered your message of the 21st and 24th instant, with the several extracts from the letter of the Right Hon. the Earl of Hillsborough, his Majesty's principal Secretary of State for North American affairs, dated the 22d of April last, which your Excellency has thought fit to communicate. We have also received the written answer which your Excellency was pleased to give the committee of this House directed to wait on you the 29th instant, with a message humbly requesting a recess, that the members might be favoured with an opportunity to consult their constituents at this important crisis, when a direct and peremptory requisition is made of a new and strange construcure, and so strenuously urged, viz. that we should immediately rescind the resolution of the last House to transmit circular letters to the other British colonies on the continent of North America, barely intimating a desire that they would join in similar dutiful and loyal petitions to our Most Gracious Sovereign for the redress of the grievances occasioned by sundry late acts of Parliament calculated for the sole purpose of raising a revenue in America. We have most diligently revised not only the said resolution but also the circular letter written and sent in consequence thereof, and after all they both appear to us to be conceived in terms not only prudent and moderate in themselves but respectful to the authority of that truly august body the Parliament of Great Britain, and very dutiful and loyal in regard to his Majesty's sacred person, crown, and dignity, of all which we entertain sentiments of the highest reverence and most ardent affection; and should we ever depart from these sentiments we must stand self condemned, as unworthy the name of British subjects, descended from British ancestors, intimately allied and connected in interests and inclination with our fellow subjects the Commons of Great Britain. We cannot but express our deep concern that a measure of the late House, in all respects so *innocent*, in most so virtuous and laudable, and as we conceive so truly patriotick, should have been represented to *Administration* in the odious light of a party and factious measure, and that pushed through by reverting, in a thin House to, and reconsidering, what in a full Assembly had been rejected. It was, and is, a matter of notoriety that more than 80 members were present at the reconsideration of the vote against the application to the other colonies; the vote of reconsideration was obtained by a large majority. It is, or ought to be, well known that the presence of 80 members makes a full House, this number being just double to that which by the Royal charter of the province is required to constitute the third branch of our colony legislature.

Your Excellency might have been very easily informed, if you was not, that the measures of the late House, in regard to sundry acts of the late Parliament for the sole purpose of raising a North American revenue, were generally carried by *three to one*; and we dare appeal to your Excellency for the truth of this assertion, namely that there were many persons in the *majority*, in all views, as respectable as the very best of the *minority*. Nay so far from any sinister views were the committee of the late House, appointed and directed to take into their most serious consideration the then present state of the province, from going into any rash or precipitate measures, that they for some days actually delayed their first report, which was a letter to Mr. Agent *De Berdt*, on the candid and generous principle that those who were reasonably presupposed to be most warmly attached to all your Excellency's measures, especially those for furthering, and *by all means enforcing*, the acts for levying a North American revenue, might be present, and a more equal contest ensue. It would be incredible should any one assert that your Excellency wanted a true information of all these things, which were not done or desired to be hid in a corner, but were notoriously transacted in the open light at noonday. It is to us altogether incomprehensible that we should be required, on the peril of a dissolution of the Great and General Court or Assembly of this province, to rescind a resolution of a former House of Representatives, when it is evident that resolution has no existence but as a mere historical fact.

Your Excellency must know that the resolution referred to is, to speak in the language of the common law, not now *executory*, but to all intents and purposes *executed*. The circular letters have been sent, and many of them have been answered. These answers are now in the publick papers; the publick, the world, must and will judge of the proposals, purposes, and answers. We could as well rescind those letters as the resolves, and both would be equally fruitless; if by rescinding, as the word properly imports, is meant a repeal and nullifying of the resolution referred to. But if, as is most probable, by the word rescinding is intended the passing a vote of this House in direct and express disapprobation of the measure above mentioned as "illegal, inflammatory, and tending to promote unjustifiable combinations" against his Majesty's peace, crown, and dignity, we must take the liberty to testify, and publickly to declare, that we take it to be the native, inherent, and indefeasible right of the subject, jointly or severally, to petition the King for the redress of grievances; provided always that the same be done in a decent, dutiful, loyal, and constitutional way, without tumult, disorder, or confusion. We are also humbly, but clearly, and very firmly, of opinion that the petition of the late dutiful and loyal House to his Majesty, and their other very orderly applications for the redress of grievances, have had the most desirable tendencies and effects to keep mens minds in ease and in quiet. We must also be excused in thinking that the people were in truth patiently waiting for the meeting of the new Parliament, their measures, and his Majesty's pleasure; and it is probable that they would every where have thus waited the great event, had it not been revealed here that the late provincial applications for redress of grievances were somehow strangely obstructed, and the province, in consequence of misinformation and misrepresentation, most unfortunately fallen under the Royal displeasure. And to complete this misfortune, it was not only divulged to the other colonies, but some of them actually received the information before it was made known here, that the House had been accused to his Majesty or his Ministry, or fallen under the displeasure of the one or the censure of the other.

On the whole, Sir, we will consider his Most Sacred Majesty, under God, as our King, our best protector, and common father, and shall ever bear him true and faithful allegiance. We also regard your Excellency as the representative of the greatest potentate on earth, and at all times have, so far as could consist with the important purposes of preserving life, liberty, and property, been most ready and willing to treat you with all that respect justly due to your high rank and station; but we are constrained to say that we are disagreeably convinced that your Excellency entertains not that parental regard for the welfare of the good people of this province which you have sometimes been pleased to profess, and which they have at all times an irrefragable right to expect from their Governour. Your Excellency has thought fit not only to deny us a recess to consult our constituents in regard to the present requisition, but hath assured us, in effect, that you shall take silence, at least a delay, not, as usual, for a consent, but a denial. You have also thought fit to inform us that you cannot think yourself at liberty, in case of the dissolution of this, to call another Assembly, without the express orders of his Majesty for that purpose. At the same time your Excellency has been pleased to assure us that you have communicated the whole of Lord Hillsborough's letter, and your instructions, so far as relate to the requisition. In all this, however, we cannot find that your Excellency is more than directed to dissolve the present Assembly, in case of a non-compliance on the part of the House. If the votes of the House are to be controuled by the direction of a Minister, we have left us but a vain semblance of liberty. We know it to be the just prerogative of the Crown, at pleasure, to dissolve a Parliament; we are also sensible that, consistently with the great charter of this province, your Excellency, when you shall think fit, with or without the intervention of a Minister, can dissolve the Great and General Court of this colony, and that without the least obligation to convene another within the year: But should it ever grow into use for any ill disposed Governour of the province, by means of a mistaken or wilfully wrong state of facts, to procure orders for a dissolution, that same charter will be of no value.

We take this opportunity faithfully and firmly to represent to your Excellency that the new revenue acts and measures are not only disagreeable, but in every view are deemed an insupportable burthen and grievance, with a very few exceptions, by all the freeholders and other inhabitants of this jurisdiction; and we beg leave, once for all, to assure your Excellency that those of this opinion are of no *party or expiring faction*. They have at all times been ready to devote their lives and fortunes to his Majesty's service. Of loyalty this majority could as reasonably boast as any who may happen to enjoy your Excellency's smiles: Their reputation, rank, and fortune, are at least equal to those who may have been sometimes considered as the only friends to good government; while some of the best blood of the colony, even in two Houses of Assembly, lawfully convened, and duly acting, have been openly charged with the unpardonable crime of "opposition against the Royal authority." We have now only to inform your Excellency that this House have voted not to rescind, as required, the resolution of the last House; and that, on a division on the question, there were 92 nays and 17 yeas. In all this we have been actuated by a conscientious, and finally a clear and determined, sense of duty to God, to our King, our Country, and to our latest Posterity; and we most ardently wish, and humbly pray, that in your future conduct your Excellency may be influenced by the same principles.

[The Governour, after having received the last foregoing message from the House, directed their attendance in the Council, and then and there *adjourned* the Great and General Court to Wednesday the 3d of August next.]

JULY 24. What a disagreeable picture of human nature does the conduct of some of its species present to our view! one Governour, for the sake of doubling his salary, and increasing his perquisites, will be guilty of promoting the basest projects, by the basest misrepresentations, and even of attempts to overturn the constitution; another, to secure or increase a pension, shall go from county to county to conciliate his countrymen to the most humiliating and distressing measures. One man, to obtain a little present advantage to himself, shall knowingly sacrifice the most essential interests of his country; another, to secure a post or a seat, shall either withhold his hand and tongue, when duty requires them to be held forth, or will traiterously yield them both up at the requirement of his superiours. Happy is it for New England that her Senate is yet so uncorrupt as that the whole force of prerogative, exerted upon a late trying occasion, could seduce from the true interests of their constituents but 17 out of 109. The conduct of the House of Assembly cannot be too much admired and commended: Though threatened with immediate annihilation unless they complied with a requisition to rescind the resolutions of a former House, they have, with a firmness and unanimity becoming the representatives of a wise and free people, asserted and maintained, instead of giving up, their undoubted rights and privileges, thus preferring the life and welfare of their country to their own political existence. The famous 92 will live for ever in the annals of America, but the names of 17 will be handed down with infamy to the latest posterity.

It is said that at the very juncture when the Governour was pleased to adjourn the Great and General Court the Honourable Board of Counsellors were consulting a humble petition to the King upon the important affair of parliamentary taxation, and the Honourable House were debating upon another petition to the same sacred person for the removal of a great man from the high office he holds under his Majesty in this province.

The Great and General Court, or Assembly, is dissolved.

The following are said to be the 17 members of the Honourable House of Representatives, with the names of the towns and counties to which they belong, who voted in favour of RESCINDING, *agreeable to his Majesty's requisition, as signified in the Earl of Hillsborough's letter.*

Names.	*Towns.*	*Counties.*
William Brown, Esq;	Salem,	Essex.
Peter Frye, Esq;	Ditto.	Ditto.
Dr. John Calef,	Ipswich,	Ditto.
Jacob Fowle, Esq;	Marblehead,	Ditto.
Richard Saltonstall, Esq;	Haverhill,	Ditto.
Israel Williams, Esq;	Hatfield,	Hampshire.
Mr. Jonathan Bliss,	Wilbraham,	Ditto.
Mr. Jonathan Ashley, jun.	Deerfield,	Ditto.
Capt. Joseph Root,	Sunderland,	Ditto.
John Ashley, Esq;	Sheffield,	Berkshire.
John Chadwick, Esq;	Tyringham,	Ditto.
Timothy Ruggles, Esq;	Hardwick,	Worcester.
Chillingf. Foster, Esq;	Harwich,	Barnstable.
Jonathan Sayward, Esq;	York,	York.
Mr. William Jennagan,	Edgartown,	Duke's county.
Matt. Mayhew, Esq;	Chilmark,	Ditto.
Josiah Edson, Esq;	Bridgwater,	Plymouth.

All the free Assemblies upon the continent, who have not been prevented by prorogations, either have or are now preferring petitions and remonstrances of the same tenour with those of the Assembly of this province.

It is with great pleasure we learn that the Gentlemen who form the King's Council in some respectable provinces have asserted the rights and liberties of the people, at this important crisis, with as much firmness as the several Houses of Assembly. May Counsellors who have the courage to speak *in publick* the sentiments they profess *in private* ever be respected by the multitude of their brethren.

What will such persons have to answer for to their Sovereign, and to their God, who, for the sake of increasing their salaries, or any other motive, write the grossest misrepresentations to their superiours, to establish and promote measures abhorred by the whole people, and which must certainly, if adhered to, be attended with an alienation of affection, and the worst of consequences.

It has been conjectured that if the silver already drawn from us by the new duties was beat into thin plates it would entirely cover the main road from this town to the borders of York government; but this sum, large as it is, is not any way equal to the sum lost the province by the destruction of its trade by means of the late regulations.

There have been several vague reports spread the week past through the town and country, but on inquiry we can find so little foundation for them that they are not worth mentioning.

We hear from Havethill that on the 7th ult. about 7 o'clock P. M. there appeared a very remarkable phenomenon. The air being clear, a ball of fire, or meteor, was seen in the horizon, with a motion from north to south, for some distance, leaving a regular tail of fire after it, which presently became irregular, and appeared in a curvilineal or mixed angular form, or like crinkling lightning; soon after was heard an explosion exactly like the breaking of a bomb in the air, and appeared to be not much higher; after which followed a rumbling noise, like thunder, for about 20 or 30 seconds of time; then another explosion like the former was heard, but not quite so loud; after which a different noise followed, like crackling thunder, or beating of drums, which lasted about two minutes. Some persons say they heard a regular beat like the beating of a drum. At the same time a ball of matter fell to the earth, which entered into it some feet; and it appears by the place the matter made in the earth it burst there, as the dirt and some small stones are scattered round some rods, and we are informed the reports were heard 20 or 30 miles round. The report of the aforesaid explosion was distinctly heard as far eastward as York and Wells.

Last Saturday afternoon we had a severe thunder storm, which lasted near three hours; the lightning struck in sundry places in this town, but did no considerable damage.

A building of the college in Cambridge was also struck, one of the corners of it in particular was affected. The top of the chimney above, and the wall beneath, for several feet, were damaged. The frame of two of the windows was shivered, and the glass of several broke to pieces. One or two of the outer doors of the edifice were almost torn from their hinges. Several of the governours, and many of the students, were there at the time, but providentially on one was hurt.

Yesterday arrived here the Beaver sloop of war, from Halifax.

CHARLESTOWN, *June 6.*

A CALCULATION having been made of the value of the produce of this province, exported since the 1st of November last, and of what remains to be shipped by the same day in the present year, at the price the planter and manufacturer has received for it at the Charlestown market, it is reckoned to exceed half a million sterling; exclusive of some thousand barrels of rice bought by our neighbours of Georgia, from those parts of this that border on that colony, and shipped from thence as their produce. There needs no other proof of the flourishing state of South Carolina, nor of its importance to Great Britain, than the number of shipping and seamen constantly employed in transporting its bulky commodities.

A number of Catawba Indians arrived in town last Monday, with the scalps of the party of Shawanese they surprised on the 1st ult. His Honour the Lieutenant Governour received them in a most friendly manner, ordered them some presents, and they are now on their return home.

JUNE 20. About the middle of last month the deputies appointed by the Creek Indians to mark out and run the boundary line between their hunting grounds and Georgia arrived at Mr. Galphin's on Savannah river, being with their attendants 28 in number. On the 6th instant they set out with the Superintendent's deputy, and the commissioners appointed by the Governour of Georgia, in order to perform the said service.

Mr. Commissary Mackintosh, after many meetings and conferences with the Lower Creeks, has at last, with much difficulty, prevailed upon them to give satisfaction for the murder committed last year on St. Mary's river. They have put one of the murderers to death, and promise to punish in the same manner another who was principally concerned.

The Creeks are very desirous of a peace with the Chicasahs and Choctaws, and have for some time past restrained all their parties from going out to war against those Indians.

Last Saturday George Roupell, Esq; one of the searchers of his Majesty's customs for this port, made a seizure of the ship Anne, George Forten master, loaded and bound for Bristol, partly owned by Henry Laurence, Esq; the bond required to be entered into for non-enumerated commodities having been omitted to be given; and this day she was libelled in the Court of Vice Admiralty, ordered to be appraised, and put into the custody of the Marshal.

JUNE 24. The commissioners of pilotage have contracted with Mess. Bonsall and Smith for covering with copper the dome of the beacon or lighthouse now erecting by Mr. Samuel Cardy on Middle Bay island, near the bar; also for casing with copper, and gilding, the ball intended to be fixed on the top of that very useful edifice, which we are told will be completed in less than three months, being now upwards of 80 feet from the surface. The whole fabrick is to be 117 feet in height.

A letter from St. Eustatius, dated the 10th instant, says that a malignant contagious fever rages in Guadaloupe and the other French islands, which has carried off many New England traders; but some masters of vessels, lately arrived here from the West Indies, contradict the account.

NEWPORT, *July 4.*

YESTERDAY arrived here all the people, except the Captain, who belonged to the sloop Pelican of this place, Robert Benney master, who informs that on the 16th ult. at Cape Fear, by some accident said sloop took fire, being loaded with tar, &c. ready to sail, and in a short time was entirely consumed; the Captain and the rest of the people being all on board, had scarcely time to get the boat out to save their lives. As Captain Benney was getting over the side, the boat not being near enough for him to step immediately into her, his hands were much burnt, so that he was obliged to let go his hold, and fell into the water, where he sunk twice before he could be taken up.

PHILADELPHIA, *July 14.*

SUNDAY last Captain M'Cormick arrived here, in 29 days from the Bay of Honduras. On the 18th ult. off the west end of Cuba, he spoke a Spanish sloop, bound to the Havannah, that had been 7 weeks in beating up from the Grand Commanders, and was in want of provisions and water, which he supplied. The Spanish Captain informed him he had touched at the Isle of Pines, where a ship, bound from Jamaica for London, had been cast away and lost; but the Captain and crew, and the greatest part of the cargo, saved. On the 2d Instant, in lat. 33: 50, long. 73, he met with a schooner rigged boat, with seven Negroes, viz. five men, one woman, and a boy, without any provisions, except about a dozen biscuits, and two gallons of water, on board; they informed him they came from New Orleans, had been 9 days at sea, without seeing any land, did not know which way they were going, but were willing to get to any place from their masters. He took them all on board his vessel, and has brought them in with him, or in all probability they must have perished.

The same day Captain Lake arrived here, in 28 days from Jamaica. Some time before he left that island a fire broke out in the hospital there, which did considerable damage.

By Captain Ward from N. Carolina we learn that three of the principals concerned in horsestealing, and other outrages committed some time since on the frontiers of that province, were lately tried, condemned, and hanged at Wilmington; and that the militia who had done duty in guarding the goal for some months past were discharged from that service.

We further learn from North Carolina that the distressed situation of that province, occasioned by the restrictions on their trade, and the arbitrary conduct of some, who were intrusted with the liberties of their country, had caused great commotions; that great numbers of the inhabitants in the back parts had assembled together in order to get their aggrievances redressed, and that they had sent an express to the Governour, who is gone to inquire into the cause of their complaint.

On Sunday last the snow Charlotte, Captain Hine, arrived here from London, which place she left the 7th of May last, but has brought no publick prints. Captain Hine informs that Mr. Wilkes was still in the King's Bench, but it was expected his trial would come on the day he sailed.

Since our last Capt. Johnson arrived here from Cadiz, by whom there is advice that the ship Farmer, Capt. Ivory, of this port, bound to Cadiz, ran ashore on Sal Medina rocks, off Chipiona, in the night of the 16th of May, in a hard gale of wind, when the vessel bulged, and it was feared the cargo would be lost.

WILLIAMSBURG, *July 28.*

ON Monday the 8th inst. died CHRISTOPHER ROBINSON, Esq; of Middlesex, a Gentleman possessed of all those good qualities that perfect humanity: In the character of father, husband, and friend, he was excellent; for affection, tenderness, and benevolence, were the ruling passions of his breast. Few excelled him in virtue, fewer in piety. His time was spent in the uniform practice of doing good: The sick he administered to, the needy he assisted, and the poor he fed. Thus living he was by all esteemed, and is now by all lamented.

PARENT of verse! one visit more excuse,
Once more in sadness I invoke the Muse,
No vulgar cause does this intrusion bring,
But such might mourn along the Mantuan string.
A man whose life one blaze of virtue shone,
Who made each generous bosom's throbs his own,
Whose hand still rais'd to succour the distrest,
By smiling youth and grateful age was blest.
Alive his heart to every manly sense,
And wide extending mild beneficence;
On whom the wretched, ever sure to find
A ready refuge, every hope reclin'd.
Firm to his friends, in every social care
Instructive, gentle, generous, and sincere.
Wise without schools, or philosophick lore,
From Nature's source he drew the boundless store:
Unus'd to courts, his manners yet refin'd;
Polite through sense, and love to human kind.
Such, calmly yielding to the stroke of death,
And breathing virtue with his latest breath.
Again, revisiting the Muses spring,
My hand, to mourn, awakes the trembling string;
The muse the praise to sacred virtue due
Would pay, O much lamented EYRE! to you.
Lamented shade! accept this plaintive tear,
Pour'd from a breast that mourns with grief sincere!
Thus let thy once lov'd friend his sorrows pour,
And strew around thy tomb the Muses flower!
Here let at least this last sad proof appear,
Living he lov'd whom dead he must revere.

Some days ago the Post Office in Norfolk was robbed of about 20 l. cash by one John Terry, a watchmaker's apprentice there, who is ordered to Williamsburg to take his trial at the General Court.

A LIST *of* LETTERS *in the Post Office at* Williamsburg.

JOHN Bowdoin, Northampton.
Pitman Clements, merchant, Virginia.
William Cannon, New Virginia.
Daniel Creighton, shoemaker, Charles City.
Capt. John Eilbeck, Williamsburg.
Mess. Eyre, Bowdoin, & Smith, Northampton.
Mess. Harmanson & Wilkins, Northampton.
Col. William Harwood, Warwick.
James Hendry, Esq; Easternshore,
Walter Hatton, Esq; Accomack.
Elizabeth Hudson, Charles City.
John Manby, Esq; Accomack
Thomas Russell, Charles City.
Joseph Wright, Old Virginia.

Entered in the upper district of James *river.*

JULY 25. Don Carlos, George Oaks, from St. Martin's, with 250 bushels of salt, 17 casks of molosses, and 1 cask of sugar.

28. Pleasant, Joel Sturdivant, from Madeira, via Barbados, with 17 pipes, 7 hhds. and 8 quarter casks of Madeira wine, 19 hhds. of rum, and 6 barrels of brown sugar.

Cleared.

JULY 22. Theodorick, Hugh Wylie, for London, with 378 hhds. of tobacco, 20 tuns of pig iron, and 10,000 staves.

25. Bowler, Robert Joad, for New York, with 2307 bushels of corn, 140 bushels of pease, 2 bags of cotton, and 2 tuns, 900 wt. and 12 lb. of hemp.

25. Ruby, Benson Fearon, for London, with 440 hhds. of tobacco, 1 hhd. and 4 bundles of skins, 1 cask of indigo, 34 bales of hemp, 1200 bushels of corn, 60 pair of oars, 9000 staves, 10 tuns of pig iron, and 2 casks of hams.

25. Rainbow, Daniel Hendrickson, for Perth Amboy, with 2 bales and 1 bag of cotton, 230 wt. of bacon, 74 bushels of corn and beans, and about 10 tuns of yellow clay.

26. Thomas, George Blin, for London, with 314 hhds. of tobacco, 5500 staves, and 15 tuns of pig iron.

27. Trimley, William Power, for London, with 304 hhds. of tobacco, 20 hhds. of skins, 2 hhds. of bees wax, 2 hhds. of hemp, 27 tuns of pig iron, and 10,000 staves.

Advertisements.

THE sale of Mr. *John Butler's* land, which was to have been on *Wednesday* the 3d of *August* next, is put off until further notice. I

PETERSBURG, JULY 21, 1768.

THE subscriber intending to leave the colony immediately desires all persons indebted to the store belonging to *George Pagan* and Co. formerly kept in *Petersburg* by *Walter Robertson*, to make immediate payment to Mr. *Edward Brisbane*, who is fully empowered to receive and grant discharges for the same.

2‖ JOHN PAGAN.

IMPORTED a few months ago in the *Dunkirk* a truss, containing red BLANKETS, marked TNW in a piece, No. 5. It would be taken kind of the person who has it in possession to acquaint or contrive it to us, and the charges shall be thankfully paid by

RICHARD TAYLOR, & Co.

WILLIAMSBURG, JULY 27, 1768.

THE subscriber begs the favour of those indebted to him to make immediate payment, otherwise he will be under the necessity of putting such accounts as are not complied with into the hands of an attorney, which will be very disagreeable to Their humble servant,

THOMAS SKINNER.

N. B. I have by me a parcel of fine *English* calf, dog, morocco, and white calf skins, sole leather, and all sorts of materials for making boots, shoes, slippers, *&c.* which I intend to make up cheap for ready money. I have also several things in my branch of business to sell cheap for cash. T. S.

To be SOLD *at publick auction, to the highest bidder, on* Monday *the* 8*th of* August, *at the dwelling-house of the late Mr.* WILLIAM PRENTIS, *in the city of* Williamsburg, *and pursuant to his will,*

EIGHT valuable house SLAVES, and sundry kinds of household and kitchen FURNITURE, such as plate, china, tables, chairs, pictures, looking-glasses, beds, quilts, blankets, table and bed linen, a couch, clock, dumb waiter, chest of drawers, bureau, cooler, two suits of fine bed curtains and bedsteads, a large quantity of pewter, *&c.* a single chair, a cart, and several horses; a pipe of fine old *Madeira* wine, and several dozen of bottled wine. Also two tracts of land in the county of *York*, each containing 150 acres, more or less, and adjoining the lands of Mr. *Willis* and Mr. *James Bates*; also a water grist mill in the same county, within two miles of the said lands. Credit will be allowed for all sums above 25 s. until the 25th of *April* next, bond and approved security being given to the executors. The above estate is to be sold for the benefit of all Mr. *Prentis*'s children, and the sale is to continue until every thing is disposed of. The sale to begin at 11 o'clock.

To be RENTED *for a term of years, or* SOLD,

THE half-way HOUSE between YORK and HAMPTON. For conditions inquire of the subscriber, living on the premises.

AUGUSTINE MOORE.

To be SOLD *on reasonable terms, for cash or good bills of exchange,*

A SEA SCHOONER,

of about eighty tuns burthen, two years old, and now fit to take a cargo in.

Also a SLOOP, of fifty tuns burthen, now on the stocks, and may be lanched in three weeks.

Any person inclinable to purchase may may know the terms by applying to the subscriber in *Kingston* parish, *Gloucester* county.

Tf ROBERT BILLUPS.

RUN away from the subscriber, the 10th of *June* last, a Negro fellow called CAJAH, about 5 feet 9 inches high, of a yellow complexion, a downcast look, well made, a very slovenly fellow, his voice sounds as if coming out of a hollow tree, and reads and writes very well. I am apprehensive he will endeavour to make his escape from the colony. Whoever conveys him to me, in *King William* county, shall be well rewarded. Tf CARTER BRAXTON.

RUN AWAY from a quarter belonging to the estate of Mr. *John Thompson*, deceased, in *Albemarle* county, about three years ago, a tall mulatto wench, slim made, has long hair, and is about 30 years old. She has some pretensions to freedom, and obtained a pass from one of the Justices of the county in order to seek for witnesses to support her claim, but has never returned, and is supposed to be lurking about *Petersburg*, or to have left the colony. She is a sensible wench, and may impose on the credulous for a free woman. Whoever apprehends and conveys her to the overseer at the quarter she left, in *Albemarle*, Mr. *Melchisedech Brame* in *Caroline*, or to the subscriber in *Williamsburg*, shall have 5 l. reward, or if taken out of the colony 10 l.

WILLIAM HOLT, Executor.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the subscriber's plantation in *Amelia* county, on *Luth*'s creek, a dark bay horse, about 7 years old, and branded on the near buttock O. Whoever delivers him to me in *Blandford*, or to *John Watkins*, overseer on the plantation, shall have twenty shillings reward. PETER RANDOLPH BLAND.

STRAYED or STOLEN from Mr. *Richard Eggleston*'s, on *Fighting* creek, in *Cumberland* county, some time in *April* last, a sorrel mare, about 4 feet 7 inches high, 5 years old last spring, with a star in her forehead, one hind foot white, one of her eyes resembles a glass one, occasioned by a hurt she received when young, and branded on the near buttock I. Whoever brings the said mare to the subscriber at *Warwick*, or to Mr. *Richard Eggleston* on *Fighting* creek, shall have 20 s. reward; and if stolen, upon conviction of the thief, 5 l.

DAVID CARGILL.

STRAYED or STOLEN from *Hector M'Alester*'s, in *Albemarle* county, on *Monday* the 2d of *May* last, a half blooded likely gray horse, about 4 feet 10 inches high, 7 years old this spring, with a hanging mane and switch tail, paces slow, trots and gallops well, shod all fours, but has no perceivable brand. Whoever brings the said horse to *James Buchanan*, merchant at *Shockoe*, to *Hector M'Alester*, merchant in *Albemarle*, or to the subscriber in *Amherst*, shall have 40 s. reward; and if stolen, upon conviction of the thief, 10 l.

WILLIAM MITCHELL.

TAKEN up, in *Buckingham*, a bay mare, about 7 or 8 years old, about 4 feet 4 inches high, had on a very good bell, and branded on the near buttock IH.

JOHN GLOVER, jun.

WILLIAMSBURG, JULY 21, 1768.

WHEREAS by a letter from *Montreal*, signed by two of the principal magistrates of that place, I am informed of a most destructive fire which happened there on the 11th of *April* last, which has reduced to ashes a convent inhabited by nuns, and 88 dwelling-houses. By this melancholy event above 100 families are drove to the greatest distress, and what adds to their misfortune is that that part of the town which escaped this disaster was destroyed by the great conflagration in *May* 1765, whereby they are disabled from affording any tolerable degree of assistance to the present unhappy sufferers. They thankfully commemorate the generosity of *Virginia* on that deplorable occasion, and humbly supplicate our further aid towards relieving them under their lamentable condition. Our late worthy Governour made a collection for them on the former occasion, in imitation of whom, and by advice of the Council, I do earnestly entreat the ministers of every parish to appoint some *Sunday* to make such collection, and to preach a sermon suitable to the occasion.

I have delayed this application some time, in expectation of a more particular account of their loss, which is promised; but as their pitiable situation requires the speediest relief, I was unwilling any longer to defer laying their moving case before the publick. I desire the ministers and church-wardens will contrive their collections to me, by safe hands, as soon as may be, that I may convert them into bills of exchange, to be remitted for this charitable purpose.

A particular account of such donations as shall come to my hands will be published in the Gazettes.

JOHN BLAIR.

To be SOLD, *on* Thursday *the 25th of* August *next, at the late dwelling-house of* John Robinson, *Esq; deceased, in* King *and* Queen *county,*

All his HOUSEHOLD and KITCHEN

FURNITURE,

a quantity of fashionable PLATE, CHINA, *&c.* likewise his COACH and HORSES. Six months credit will be allowed the purchasers for all articles above twenty shillings value, on giving bond with good security. And some time this fall a number of SLAVES, belonging to that estate, will be sold on short credit, of which further notice will hereafter be given, by

EDMUND PENDLETON, } Adms.
PETER LYONS, }

5

YORK town, JULY 19, 1768.

WHEREAS I have been appointed Vendue Master, Auctioneer, and Publick Crier of goods in this town, by commission from his Honour the President, notwithstanding which I have been prevented from executing my said office, although due offer was made of my service in the sale of the goods, rigging, anchors, and cables, saved from the wreck of the snow *Charles, William Waterman*, of *London*: I do therefore protest against the legality of the said sale, as far as it relates to me; that no blame, by those concerned, may hereafter be laid to the charge of

Tf JAMES MITCHELL.

To be SOLD,

THE pleasant and healthy seat of *Bosworth*, with about 1500 acres of level land, none of which but is good for grain, and great part extraordinary fine tobacco land. There is belonging to the said tract of land 100 acres of meadow, thought by good judges to be inferiour to none in the colony. There is a great quantity of fine marl in the hills of *Beaver Dam* creek, which runs through the middle of the land. On this creek is a very valuable double mill, with bolting cloths, *&c.* and the pond abounds with fine fish, peculiar to that stream, which may be catched in great numbers nine months in the year by angling. These fish are accounted by many Gentlemen to be equal in goodness to any in the colony.

Bosworth lies between *Newcastle* and *Richmond* towns, 11 miles from the first, and 9 from the latter place. I believe no place in *America* has been so noted for the longevity of the inhabitants as this neighbourhood, which I think a very good recommendation, especially to those who love to enjoy health and long life.

"Here health majestick moves along,
"All gay with smiles."

Bosworth house is large and very convenient, and there are every other necessary houses, with about 2000 peach trees, large apple orchards, and a great variety of choice fruit trees. No place in *Virginia* has fruit in greater perfection than this. Whoever inclines to purchase may know the terms, and will be shown the land in my absence, by Capt. *Samuel Meredith*, Mr. *Oliver*, or Mr. *Bell*, who are near neighbours. Credit will be allowed until 1773 for half the money.

4 ANTHONY WINSTON.

N. B. There is great plenty of wild ducks, pheasants, and woodcocks, in this neighbourhood.

LET this give notice to those who may have any demands on the estate of the late Dr. *Abraham Bywater* that they would make them known, properly attested, as soon as convenient, in order that the subscriber may form a judgment in what manner he is to act; and it is requested of every one indebted to the said estate that they would make immediate provision to pay off their respective accounts, as the circumstances of the estate cannot possibly allow any indulgence.

WILLIAM BLACK, Executor.

N. B. It is hoped the creditors will not burthen the estate with unnecessary suits, as they may depend all necessary steps shall be taken to satisfy every just claim. W. B.

PETERSBURG, *July* 18, 1768.

I INTEND to leave this colony soon.

THOMAS ARBUTHNOT.

To be SOLD *to the highest bidders, for the benefit of the ensurers, at* Richmond *town, on the first* Monday *in* August *next, being* Henrico *court day,*

About 2500 yards of

OSNABRUGS,

imported in the *Betsey*, Capt. *William Scott*, from *Glasgow*.

ALEXANDER BAINE.

To be SOLD, *in* Albemarle *county,*

EIGHT hundred and twenty six acres of very fine LAND, with necessary houses, a fine apple orchard, *&c.* The said land was lately the property of Mr. *Benjamin Brown*, lies on the branches of *James* river, and joins the lands of Mr. *John Winston*. A great bargain will be sold of the said land. For terms inquire of Mr. *John Johnson*, merchant in *Hanover* town.

To be SOLD,

A DOUBLE decked vessel, now on the stocks, which can be finished in a short time. She is about 110 tuns, built by a prime hand from *Boston*, will carry a great burthen, and is esteemed a very fine vessel. For terms apply to

Tf BENJAMIN HARRISON.

STAFFORD, JULY 11, 1768.

RUN AWAY from the subscriber, on *Saturday* last, three servant men, *viz.* THOMAS ULERIDGE, an *Englishman*, about 5 feet 8 inches high, of a fair complexion, and pretty much pitted with the smallpox; had on when he went away a coarse felt hat, a linsey homespun jacket, and country made linen shirt and trousers. WILLIAM SIMPSON, an *Englishman*, about 5 feet 6 inches high, of a fair complexion, wears a brown jacket, and the remainder of his dress as above. PATRICK (the rest of his name forgot) an *Irishman*, about 5 feet 11 inches high, is much pitted with the smallpox, was dressed in a brown coat with a large collar to it, his shirt and trousers the same as above, peaked shoes, and had a white shirt of country made linen, pretty fine. Whoever takes up the said runaways, and delivers them to the subscriber, or secures them so as he may get them again, shall have 40 s. reward, besides what the law allows. They all carried reaping hooks with them. THOMAS BRANSON.

RUN away from the subscriber in *Petersburg*, the 17th of this instant (JULY) an *Irish* servant man named WILLIAM INNES, about 20 years old, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, a blacksmith by trade, is well set, has very little beard, having been shaved but once, talks the brogue very much, sometimes lisps a little, of a fair complexion, and has black curling hair; he took with him a claret coloured coat, a whitish coloured and black frieze jacket, double breasted and without linings. Whoever takes up the said servant, and brings or contrives him to me, shall have 5 l. reward.

3 ALEXANDER BISSIT.

N. B. He has been accustomed to go by water, and may pass for a seaman, and procure a birth as such on board some ship or vessel; all masters and owners of vessels are therefore forewarned not to entertain or suffer him on board their vessels, or they may depend on being prosecuted according to law.

To be SOLD *at vendue, on* Monday *the 12th of* September *next, at* Suffolk, *being* Nansemond *court day,*

TWO valuable Plantations, in the said county, containing about 300 acres each. The first below and adjoining *Suffolk* town, the situation high, extremely pleasant, and very convenient for publick business, having a wharf with a large warehouse on the river, and several good landings upon a creek which bounds the plantation on the east side; a good deal of the land is cleared, and in order for cropping. The pasturage is very plentiful, and a large marsh, which by some ditching may be made very valuable.

The other plantation lies within half a mile of the former, adjoining Col. *Riddick*'s lands, and the *Great Dismal* swamp. The land is extremely rich, and capable of any production that can be expected from a fertile soil; it also abounds with large white oaks, and some cypress. The pasturage is luxuriant, and has the advantage of a reed range joining it, by which almost any number of cattle might be kept in full flesh through the winter without any other assistance. Twelve months credit will be allowed the purchasers, on giving bond and security.

Those two plantations will be sold separate, or together, as may best suit the purchasers.

There will also be sold, on the same credit, at *Hartford* court, *North Carolina*, on the first *Tuesday* in *November* next, being court day, a plantation in the said county, on both sides of *Chowan* river, containing about 500 acres, on which is a well accustomed ferry, and a fine fishery, where very large quantities of herrings, shads, and other fish, may be caught in the season; the low grounds are very rich, and an extraordinary fine range contiguous.

Any person wanting a more particular information may apply to *Gibson* and *Granbery* in *Suffolk*, or the subscriber on the first mentioned premises. Tf JOHN REID.

TAKEN up, in *Surry*, a bay roan mare, 4 feet 8 inches high, with a hanging mane and switch tail, branded on the near buttock IS and on the near shoulder IC.

IC

SAMUEL PRETLOW.

TAKEN up, in *Bedford*, a black mare, about 4 feet 2 inches high, about 4 years old, and branded on the near buttock RM; posted, and appraised to 4 l. 15 s.

JESSY TATE.

TAKEN up, in *Bedford*, a sorrel mare, about 4 feet high, about 11 years old, with a blaze face, a hanging mane and switch tail, a natural trotter, had on a small bell, and branded on the off buttock E; posted, and appraised to 40 s. JESSY TATE.

TAKEN up, in *Bedford*, an iron gray mare, about 4 feet 4 inches high, about 3 years old, not dockt, nor has any perceivable brand.

THOMAS FROST.

TAKEN up, in *Dinwiddie*, a dark bay horse, about 14 years old, with a star in his face, a bob tail, his near hind foot appears to have been broke or put out of place at the footlocks, but has no perceivable brand; posted, and appraised to 3 l.

EDWARD YOUNG.

NORFOLK, *July* 5, 1768.

I INTEND for GREAT BRITAIN soon.

JOHN HENDERSON.

NORFOLK, JULY 6, 1768.

THE subscribers take this method to inform the publick that they continue to dispose of goods on commission, both at publick and private sale; they also return thanks to those Gentlemen who have favoured them with their commands, and hope for a continuance of their commissions.

GILCHRIST & TAYLOR.

N. B. JAMES GILCHRIST intends for *Great Britain* immediately, and to return in a few months.

To be LET *on* CHARTER, *to any part of* EUROPE,

A SHIP of three hundred and fifty hhds. or thereabouts. Apply to the subscriber, in NORFOLK.

NEIL JAMIESON.

Who has for SALE

Barbados, Antigua, St. Kitt's, and *Jamaica* RUM, muscovado SUGAR, PIMENTA, GINGER, and MOLOSSES; also a few casks of the finest particular *Madeira* WINE, *London* market do. *New York* and *Virginia* quality do. and a few casks of fine *Madeira* MALMSEY do. also a few hhds. of *Cuninghame*'s STRONG BEER; on reasonable terms, for cash or credit.

To be SOLD *at* King William *court-house, on the 15th of* September *next,*

SIX hundred and twenty three acres and a half of rich tobacco LAND, near 300 acres low grounds, inferiour to none in the colony, as is the high land. The said land lies on the north side of the south fork of *Pamunkey* river, in the county of *Hanover*, about 25 miles from *Page*'s and *Shockoe* warehouses, and is part of a tract formerly advertised for sale by the subscriber, therefore think it needless to descend to particulars. Any person inclinable to purchase may know the terms by applying to Messr. *Carter Braxton* and *William Aylett* in *King William* county, or to *Bartholomew Dandridge*, Esq; and the subscriber, in *New Kent* county. Twelve months credit will be allowed the purchaser, on giving bond and good security.

6 JOHN AYLETT.

RUN away from the subscriber in *Goochland*, last *July*, a tall slim black *Virginia* born fellow named DICK, about 35 years old, has a surly look, and remarkable red eyes; had the usual clothing of labouring Negroes, and is supposed to be harboured in MIDDLESEX county, where he formerly lived. He is very sensible, and will endeavour to impose upon the publick, and pass for a freeman; and as I have been lately informed that he intends to leave the colony, I must therefore entreat all commanders of vessels, and others, that if such a person should offer his service they will have him secured and delivered to the subscriber, who will give FIVE POUNDS reward. Tf LEONARD PRICE.

POETS CORNER.

From the Gentleman's Magazine.

The HOUNDS *in* COUPLES. *A fable. By the Reverend* H. BATE, *jun.*

WEDLOCK, a name not much in faſhion,
Subſervient ofttimes is to paſſion:
How oft we ſee a thoughtleſs pair,
Brought up by Nature's foſtering care,
When Love firſt fires their youthful breaſt,
Pant with impatience to be bleſt!
Tempers unſtudy'd! thoughts untry'd!
Yet ſigh, alas! to be ally'd.
Becauſe their hours of courtſhip run
Sweet under Love's meridian ſun,
They think to breathe a tranquil life,
And be the happy man and wife.
Vain thought! the flattering fantom flies,
And opes at length their purblind eyes;
Then——but attend my ſimple ſtory,
The ſequel will appear before ye.
The morning dawns, the orient ſky,
Clad with its purple royalty,
Once more's the throne of infant day,
And all th' horizon round looks gay.
The horn deep ton'd the huntſman fills,
The ſtrains re-echo from the hills;
Unkennell'd for the bloody chaſe,
Impatient ruſh the babbling race:
Some, widely ſtretching o'er the plain,
Vociferous chaunt the heedleſs ſtrain;
Theſe ſtretch their limbs, while others bound
In wanton circles o'er the ground.
The Squire ſurvey'd with ſecret pride
The mottled pack on either ſide,
The puppies did not 'ſcape his view,
Their youthful tricks were pleaſing too;
But leaſt a part unſkill'd, and young,
Should lead the reſt with laviſh tongue,
It was decreed they ſhould be ty'd,
And trudge in couples ſide by ſide:
To RINGWOOD SWEETLIPS was aſſign'd,
Theſe two with patience jogg'd behind;
To TRUEMAN (ſo 'twas doom'd by fate)
MAIDEN was yok'd as travelling mate.
In theſe an early fondneſs grew,
If he did this ſhe'd do ſo too.
From MAIDEN TRUEMAN ſcarce would ſtray,
But ſpent with her the livelong day;
For her the half pick'd bone he'd ſpare,
And guard her with a lover's care.
If he in playful frolick run,
Or baſk'd beneath th' enlivening ſun,
As ſure ſhe would his ſteps attend,
Or near his ſide her length extend.
From one calm mind their actions grew,
But now, alas! they ſpring from two:
Divided cares invade each breaſt,
Divided thoughts and intereſt;
Now 'tis they feel the galling chain,
And howl for liberty again;
To join the pack, if he's inclin'd,
She with ſlow pace will drag behind;
He this way draws, ſhe tugs another;
They prove tormentors to each other.
Now boldly they exert their might,
Snarl anſwers ſnarl, bite follows bite;
With double ire their fury burns,
And gains them maſterſhip by turns:
But ſtrength victorious rules the field,
To force ſuperiour all muſt yield.
At length ſubdu'd the fair one lies,
And calls aſſiſtance by her cries;
But ah! in vain, no ſuccour's near,
The hunt purſue the timorous hare.
Too late ſhe ſees from whence aroſe
The ſource of all her bleeding woes;
Secluded now from every friend,
Her ſorrows but with life can end.
What's to be done? Reflection's vain,
And ſerves but to increaſe her pain;
Quite ſpent, ſhe howling yields her life,
A prey to DISCONTENT and STRIFE.

* *The author would by no means be ſuppoſed to ridicule what he highly honours, his fable being only levelled at the* raſh *and inconſiderate adventurers in the connubial ſtate.*

WILLIAMSBURG, JUNE 12, 1768.

COMMITTED to *James City* priſon, on Monday laſt, a Virginia born Negro man ſlave named JEFFERY, about 5 feet 3 inches high, about 25 years old, has on an oſnabrug ſhirt, cotton waiſtcoat, and leather breeches, ſays he belongs to Jedidiah Thomas, of Edgcumbe, North Carolina, to whom he was ſold laſt fall by Sacheverel Slaughter, of James City county. The owner may have him on proving his property, and paying charges, of 9 WILLIAM LANE.

To be SOLD *on the premiſes, on* Wedneſday *the 3d of* Auguſt *next, for ready money, by virtue of a deed of truſt made to me,*

A TRACT of LAND, lying on *Rawanty* creek, in *Dinwiddie* county, containing 1000 acres, and lies about 15 miles from *Peterſburg*. And on the day following will be ſold, at *Peterſburg*, nine valuable Negro SLAVES. Both the land and ſlaves were the property of Mr. *John Butler*, who will ſhow them to any perſon inclinable to purchaſe.

Tf JOHN THOMPSON, Truſtee.

To be SOLD,

FOUR LOTS in the town of *Frederickſburg*, on one of which is a handſome brick houſe, with two out-houſes for offices not quite finiſhed; to which another lot adjoins, proper for a garden; and below is a river ſide lot, on deep water, adjoining the lower ferry; and a fourth on a croſs ſtreet, near enough to the houſe to be convenient for ſtables, *&c.* Inquire of Mr. *Roger Dixon* in *Frederickſburg*, or the ſubſcriber in *Glouceſter*.

JOHN DIXON.

N. B. If I ſell the above houſes, *&c.* I would alſo ſell a valuable eſtate adjoining the town of *Falmouth*, about two miles from *Frederickſburg*. am

COMMITTED to the gaol of SUSSEX county a middle ſized Negro woman, who appears to be half gone with child, has on a *Virginia* cloth waiſtcoat and petticoat, ſays her name is PAT, and that ſhe belongs to *Edward Munford* of *North Carolina*. The owner may have her, by applying to the gaol of the ſaid county.

3m JAMES JONES, Sheriff.

WILLIAMSBURG, *May* 12, 1768.

COMMITTED to *James City* priſon, on *Thurſday* laſt, a *Mundingo* Negro man ſlave named PETER, about 5 feet 5 inches high, about 35 years old; has on an oſnabrug ſhirt, cotton waiſtcoat, and white *Virginia* cotton breeches, and has ſeveral ſcars on his forehead and breaſt, occaſioned by the yaws. He ſays he belongs to *James Taylor* of *South Carolina*, formerly belonged to *Thomas Kemp* of *Glouceſter*, and ſold to *Robert Crawley*, who ſold him to the ſaid *Taylor*. The owner may have him on proving his property, and paying charges, of 9 WILLIAM LANE.

To be SOLD *on very reaſonable terms, altogether or in parcels, and may be entered on next fall,*

THREE thouſand ſix hundred and four acres of well timbered and watered LAND, lying on both ſides *Meherrin* river, in the counties of *Lunenburg* and *Mecklenburg*, about 75 miles from *Peterſburg*, great part of which is very fine tobacco land, and on the reſt there is an excellent range for ſtock. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe may be ſhown the ſame by applying to *William Naiſh*, on the premiſes. For terms inquire of Col. *Archibald Cary* in *Cheſterfield* county, Mr. *Bathurſt Skelton* in *Charles City*, Mr. *Thomas Fleming*, Mr. *William Fleming*, or the ſubſcriber, in *Cumberland* county.

Tf SUSANNA FLEMING.

To be SOLD, *at private ſale,*

SIX thouſand five hundred acres of Land, in *Charles City* county, pleaſantly ſituated on *James* river; four acres of land, with a water griſt mill, on *Moyſer*'s creek, in the ſame county; and 2000 acres of land in *Haliſax* county. They will be ſold altogether or in lots, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers. Theſe lands were the eſtate of Mr. *William Kennon*, and are conveyed to us (with others his truſtees) for the benefit of his creditors. As the ſale of theſe lands has been before advertiſed, but not effected, it may not be improper to aſſure the publick that an abſolute diſpoſal of them is now intended, and that we ſhall at all times be ready to receive propoſals for the whole or any part thereof. Mr. *John Chriſtian*, who lives thereon, will ſhow the lands in *Charles City*.

RICHARD RANDOLPH.
Tf JAMES BELSCHES.
JERMAN BAKER.

HENRICO, *May* 3, 1768.

LOST from *Buſh* river, in *Prince Edward*, ſome time in JULY laſt, two three year old colts; one a horſe, docked ſhort; the other a mare, her dock about 7 or 8 inches long. They are both 14 hands high, or near it, though perhaps they have grown ſince I loſt them, and branded on the near haunch and ſhoulder RYR in a piece. Whoever delivers them to me at *Turkey Iſland*, or to JOSHUA BLANTON, overſeer on the plantation they went from, ſhall receive 40 s. clear of expenſes.

Tf RYLAND RANDOLPH.

To be SOLD,

SIX LOTS of LAND, in the town of *Nixonton*, whereon is a large dwelling-houſe, a new large kitchen, a warehouſe and wharf, ſtorehouſe, garden, and ſeveral convenient out-houſes, beautifully ſituated on *Little* river, in the province of *North Carolina*. For terms apply to Mr. *Thomas Jack*, merchant at *Nixonton*, or to the ſubſcriber in *Nanſemond*.

Tf LEMUEL RIDDICK.

N. B. Long credit will be allowed.

SCHEME of a LOTTERY,

FOR diſpoſing of 146 LOTS of LAND, in the town of *Hanover*, yet remaining unſold. The leaſt valuable of the lots, according to the prices of thoſe moſt remote from the river, which have been ſold, not being leſs than 20 l. which is far below what was given for ſeveral near the river.

	Lots.	*Val.*	*Rents.*
Inſpection at *Page*'s, five lots, at 12 years purchaſe,		L. 840	L. 70
Do. at *Crutchfield*'s, ſix lots, at do.		720	60
		L. 1560	130
Lots unimproved, each half an acre, at 20 l.	135	2700	
		L. 4260	130
137 Prizes,	137		
263 Blanks.			
400 tickets, at 10 l. each,		L. 4000	

The ſaid lottery will be drawn at Mr. ANTHONY HAY'S, in *Williamſburg*, as ſoon as the tickets are all ſold, of which notice ſhall be given in the VIRGINIA GAZETTE

Thoſe who do not pay for their tickets on the day of drawing may give bond, to carry intereſt from that time.

Robert Carter Nicholas, George Wythe, Thomas Everard, John Thompſon, and *Jerman Baker*, Eſquires, managers, or any three, of whom tickets may be had, and of the ſubſcriber.

Tf MANN PAGE.

A SCHEME,

For diſpoſing of, by way of LOTTERY, *the* LAND *and* TENEMENTS *under mentioned, being the entire towns of* Rocky Ridge *and* Shockoe, *lying at the Falls of* James *river, and the land thereunto adjoining.*

THE advantageous ſituation of this eſtate is too well known to require a particular deſcription, though it may be neceſſary to inform the publick that the obſtructions through the Falls, and in other parts of the river above, will ſhortly be removed, and the river made navigable to the ſaid towns: The navigation will thereby be extended, and made both ſafe and eaſy for upwards of two hundred miles above the ſaid Falls, and a communication opened to the weſtern frontier of the middle colonies, whereby there will not be more than ſixty or ſeventy miles portage from *James* river to the *Obio*; ſo that the immenſe treaſure of that valuable country muſt neceſſarily be brought to market to one or other of the aboveſaid towns, which will occaſionally raiſe the rents, and enhance the value, of the lands and tenements under mentioned, beyond the powers of conception.

	Lots.	*Value.*	*Rents.*
A double forge, a mill, with two acres and a half of land adjoining, the uſe of the landing, the canal, with ten feet on each ſide, and 2000 acres of back land, the furtheſt part of which is not more than five miles from the forge,		L. 8000	
Inſpection at *Rocky Ridge*, at 12 years purchaſe,		780	L. 65
James Lyle, his tenement, at do.		540	45
Archibald Buchanan, at do.		540	45
Alexander Stewart, at do.		510	42 10
Elizabeth Todd, at do.		480	40
Robert Gordon, at do.		90	7 10
Joſeph Hopkins, at do.		60	5
John Shackelton, at do.		36	3
James Gunn, formerly rented to *Thomas Yuille*,		540	45
Ferry on the ſouth ſide, at 20 years purchaſe, with half an acre of land on the bank,		2000	100
A fiſhery on the ſouth ſide, at 20 years do.		600	30
Number of improved lots,	12	L. 14,176	L. 428
Lots unimproved, each half an acre, to be laid off in a town convenient to the river, with publick landings, at 25 l. each,	300	7500	
The amount of lots on the ſouth ſide of *James* river, in *Cheſterfield* county,	312	L. 21,676	L. 428
Shockoe inſpection, at 12 years purchaſe,		L. 780	L. 65
Byrd's do. at do.		780	65
Watſon's, at do.		720	60
James Buchanan, at do.		720	60
Patrick Coutts, at do.		420	35
George Ellis, at do.		120	10
James M'Dowell, at do.		480	40
David Roſs, at do.		480	40
Thomas Youngbuſband, at do.		540	45
James Rozer, at do.		60	5
James Howling, at do.		60	5
John M'Keind, at do.		144	12
M'Pherſon & Menzies, at do.		420	35
James Daley, at do.		36	3
Lewis Warwick, at do.		60	5
Ferry, at 20 years do.		2000	100
Fiſhery, at 20 years do.		2000	100
Number of improved lots,	17	L. 9820	L. 685
10,000 acres of land, to be laid off in lots of 100 acres each, valued at 30 s. per acre,	100	15,000	
10 iſlands, on ſome of which are very valuable fiſheries,	10	300	
Lots unimproved, valued at 25 l. each,	400	10,000	
The amount of lots on the north ſide of *James* river,	527	L. 35,120	L. 685
The amount of lots on the ſouth ſide of do. as above,	312	21,676	428
839 Prizes.	839	L. 56,796	L. 1113
9161 Blanks.			
10,000 Tickets, at 5 l. each,			L. 50,000

The ſaid lottery will certainly be drawn at *Williamſburg* in NOVEMBER next, under the management and direction of the Hon. PRESLY THORNTON, Eſq; PEYTON RANDOLPH, JOHN PAGE, CHARLES CARTER, and CHARLES TURNBULL, Eſquires, truſtees for the ſame, who will execute conveyances for the prizes drawn by the fortunate adventurers in this lottery. Tickets to be had of the truſtees, alſo of Col. ARCHIBALD CARY, JOHN WAYLES, and the ſubſcriber.

W. BYRD.

ALL Perſons may be ſupplied with this PAPER at 12 *ſ.* 6 *d.* a Year, and have ADVERTISEMENTS (of a moderate Length) inſerted in it for 3 *ſ.* the firſt Week, and 2 *ſ.* each Week after. —— *** All Sorts of PRINTING WORK done at this Office in the neateſt Manner, with Care and Expedition.